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A Church in the House.

A

S E R M O N,

Preached in LONDON, April 16: 1704.

CONCERNING
FAMILY-RELIGION.

Published at the Request of many of the Hearers.

By the late Reverend

Mr. MATTHEW HENRY,

Minister of the Gospel in CHESTER.

G L A S G O W:

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A Church in the House.

: GOLF 1919 :

ONE very good minister, I know, understood
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S E R M O N.

I COR. xvi. 19.

-----*With the Church that is in their House.*

SOME very good interpreters, I know, understand this of a settled, stated, solemn meeting of Christians at the house of Aquila and Priscilla, for public worship; and they were glad of houses to meet in, where they wanted those better conveniences, which the church was afterwards in her prosperous days accommodated with. When they had not such places as they could wish, they thankfully made use of such as they could get.

But others think it is only meant of their own family, and the strangers within their gates, among whom there was so much piety and devotion, that it might well be called *a church, or religious house*. Thus the ancients generally understand it. Nor was it only Aquila and Priscilla, whose house was thus celebrated for religion here; and Rom. xvi. 5. but Nymphas also had a *church in his house*, Col. iv. 15. and Philemon, ver. 2. Not but that others, to whom, and from whom salutations are sent in Paul's epistles, made conscience of keeping up religion in their families; but these are mentioned, probably because their families were more numerous than most of those other families were, which made their family-devotions more solemn, and consequently more taken notice of.

In this sense I shall chuse to take it; from hence to recommend family-religion to you, under the notion of a *church in the house*. When we see your public assemblies so well filled, so well frequented, we cannot but thank God, and take courage; your diligent attendance on the ministry of the word and prayers, is your praise, and I trust, through grace, it redounds to your spiritual comfort and benefit: but my subject at this time will lead me to enquire into the state of religion in your private houses,

houses, whether it flourish or whether there? Whether it be upon the throne, or under foot there? Herein I desire to deal plainly and faithfully with your consciences, and I beg you will give them leave to deal so with you.

The pious and zealous endeavours both of magistrates and ministers for the reformation of manners, and the suppression of vice and profaneness, are the joy and encouragement of all good people in the land, and a happy indication that God hath yet mercy in store for us; *If the Lord had been pleased to kill us, he would not have shewed us such things as these.* Now, I know not any thing that will contribute more to the furtherance of this good work, than the bringing of family religion more into practice and reputation. Here the reformation must begin. Other methods may check the disease we complain of, but this, if it might universally obtain, would cure it. Salt must be cast into these springs, and then the waters would be healed.

Many a time, no doubt, you have been urged to this part of your duty; many a good sermon perhaps you have heard, and many a good book hath been put into your hands with this design, to persuade you to keep up religion in your families, and to assist you in that therein; but, I hope, a further attempt to advance this good work, by one that is a hearty well-wisher to it, and to the prosperity of your souls and families, will not be thought altogether needless, and that by the grace of God it will not be wholly fruitless; at least it will serve to remind you of *what you have received and heard to this purpose*, that you may *hold fast what is good, and repent of what is amiss*, Rev. iii. 3.

The lesson then which I would recommend to you from the text is this;

That the families of Christians should be little churches: or thus, That wherever we have a house, God should have a church in it.

Unhappy contests there have been, and still are, among wise and good men about the constitution, order, and government of churches; God by his grace heal these breaches, *lead us into all truth*, and dispose our minds to love and peace, that while we endeavour herein to walk, according to the light God hath given us, we may charitably

ritably believe that others do so too; longing to be there, where we shall be all of a mind.

But I am now speaking of churches, concerning which there is no such controversy. All agree that masters of families, who profess religion, and the fear of God themselves, should, according to the talents they are entrusted with, maintain and keep up religion and the fear of God in their families, *as those that must give account*: and that families as such, should contribute to the support of Christianity in a nation, whose honour and happiness it is to be a Christian nation. As nature makes families little kingdoms, and perhaps æconomics were the first and most ancient politics: so grace makes families little churches; and those were the primitive churches of the Old Testament, before *men began to call upon the name of the Lord* in solemn assemblies, and *the sons of God came together to present themselves before him*.

Not that I would have these family churches set up and kept up in competition with, much less in contradiction to, public religious assemblies, which ought always to have the preference: *The Lord loves the gates of Sion, more than all the dwellings of Jacob*, Psal. lxxxvii. 2. and so must we; and must not *forsake the assembling of ourselves together*, under covert of exhorting one another daily at home; far be it from us to offer any thing that may countenance the invading of the office of the ministry, or laying it in common, and the usurping or superseding of the administration of sacraments: no; but these family-churches (which are but figuratively so) must be erected and maintained in subordination to those more sacred and solemn establishments.

Now, that I may the more distinctly open to you, and press upon you, this great duty of family-religion, from the example of this, and other texts of *a church in the house*, I shall endeavour,

I. To shew you *what this church in the house is*, and when your families may be called churches.

And,

II. To persuade you by some motives, thus to turn your families into churches. And then,

III. To address you upon the whole matter by way of application.

I. I am in the *first* place, to tell you what that *family-religion* is, which will be as a *church in the house*, and wherein it doth consist, that you may see what it is we are persuading you to.

Churches are sacred societies, incorporated for the honour and service of God in Christ; devoted to God, and employed for him: so should our families be.

I. Churches are societies *devoted to God*, called out of the world, taken in out of the common to be inclosers for God: he hath *set them apart for himself*; and because he hath chosen them, they also have chosen him, and set themselves apart for him. The Jewish church was separated to God for a *peculiar people*, a *kingdom of priests*.

Thus our houses must be churches; with ourselves we must give up our houses to the Lord, to be to him *for a name, and a people*. All the interest we have, both in our relations, and in our possessions, must be consecrated to God; as under the law, all that the servant had was his master's for ever, after he had consented to have his *ear bored at the door post*. When God effectually called Abram out of Ur of the Caldees, his family put on the face of a particular church; for, in obedience to God's precept, and in dependance on God's promise, they took all the substance they had gathered, and the souls they had gotten, and put themselves and their all under a divine conduct and government, Gen. xii. 5. His was a great family, not only numerous, but very considerable, the father of it was *the father of all them that believe*; but even little families, jointly and entirely given up to God, so become churches. When all the members of the family yield themselves to God, *subscribe with their hands to be the Lord's*, and *surname themselves by the name of Israel*, and the master of the family, with himself, gives up all his right, title, and interest, in his house, and all that belongs to it, unto God, to be used for him, and disposed of by him, here is a *church in the house*.

Baptism was ordained for the *discipline of nations*, Matth. xxviii. 19. That the *kingdoms of the world*, as such, might, by the conversion of their people to the faith of Christ, and the consecration of their powers and governments to the honour of Christ, become *his kingdoms*,

doms, Rev. xi. 15. Thus by baptism households likewise are disciplined, as Lydia's, and the Jailer's, Acts xvi. 15, 33. and in their family capacity are given up to him, who is in a particular manner the *God of all the families of Israel*, Jer. xxx. 1. Circumcision was at first a family-ordinance, and in that particular, as well as others, baptism doth somewhat symbolize with it: when the children of Christian parents are by baptism admitted members of the universal church, as their right to baptism is grounded upon, so their communion with the universal church is, during their infancy, maintained and kept up chiefly by their immediate relation to these churches in the house; to them therefore they are first given back, and in them they are deposited, under the tuition of them to be trained up till they become capable of a place, and a name in particular churches of larger figure and extent. So that baptised families, that own their baptism, and adhere to it, and in their joint and relative capacity make profession of the Christian faith, may so far be called little churches.

More than once in the Old Testament, we read of the dedication of private houses. It is spoken of as a common practice, Deut. xx. 5. *What man is there that hath built a new house, and hath not dedicated it?* i. e. taken possession of it: in the doing of which, it was usual to dedicate it to God by some solemn acts of religious worship. The 30th Psalm is entitled, *A psalm or song at the dedication of the house of David*. It is a good thing, when a man hath a house of his own, thus to convert it into a church, by dedicating it to the service and honour of God, that it may be a Bethel, a house of God, and not a Bethaven, a house of vanity and iniquity. Every good Christian, that is a householder, no doubt, doth this habitually and virtually, having *first given his ownself to the Lord*, he freely surrenders all he hath to him: but it may be of good use to do it actually and expressly, and often to repeat this act of resignation, *This stone which I have set for a pillar, shall be God's house*, Gen. xxviii. 22. Let all I have in my house, and all I do in it, be for the glory of God; I own him to be my great landlord, and I hold all from and under him; to him I promise to pay the rents, the quit rents, of daily praises and thanksgivings; and to do the services, the easy services of gospel-obedience,

Let holiness to the Lord be written upon the house, and all the furniture of it, according to the word which God hath spoken. Zech. xiv. 20, 21. That every pot in Jerusalem and Judah, shall be holiness to the Lord of hosts. Let God, by his providence dispose of the affairs of my family, and by his grace dispose the affections of all in my family, according to his will, to his own praise. Let me and mine be only, wholly, and for ever his.

Be persuaded, brethren, thus to dedicate your houses to God, and beg of him to come and take possession of them. If you never did it, do it to night with all possible seriousness and sincerity. Lift up your heads, O ye gates; and be ye lift up ye everlasting doors, and the King of glory shall come in. Bring the ark of the Lord into the tent you have pitched, and oblige yourselves, and all yours, to attend it. Look upon your houses as temples for God, places for worship, and all your possessions as dedicated things, to be used for God's honour, and not to be alienated or profaned.

2. Churches are societies employed for God, pursuant to the true intent and meaning of this dedication.

There are three things necessary to the well being of a church, and which are most considerable in the constitution of it. Those are doctrine, worship, and discipline; where the truths of Christ are professed and taught, the ordinances of Christ administered and observed; and due care taken to put the laws of Christ in execution among all that profess themselves his subjects, and this under the conduct and inspection of a gospel ministry, there is a church; and something answerable hereunto there must be in our families, to denominate them little churches.

Masters of families, who preside in the other affairs of the house, must go before their households in the things of God. They must be as prophets, priests, and kings, in their own families; and as such they must keep up family-doctrine, family-worship, and family-discipline: then is there a church in the house, and this is the family-religion I am persuading you to.

First, Keep up family-doctrine. It is not enough that you and yours are baptised into the Christian faith, and profess to own the truth as it is in Jesus, but care must be taken, and means used, that you and yours be well acquainted

acquainted with that truth, and that you grow in that acquaintance, to the honour of Christ, and his holy religion, and the improvement of your own minds, and theirs that are under your charge. You must dwell with your families *as men of knowledge*, 1 Pet. iii. 7. *i. e.* as men that desire to grow in knowledge yourselves, and to communicate your knowledge for the benefit of others, which are the two good properties of those that deserve to be called men of knowledge.

That you may keep up *family-doctrine*,

I. You must *read the scriptures to your families*, in a solemn manner, requiring their attendance on your reading, and their attention to it; and enquiring sometimes whether they understand what you read? I hope, there are none of you without Bibles in your houses, store of Bibles, every one a Bible: thanks be to God, we have them cheap and common, in a language that we understand. The book of the law is not such a rarity with us, as it was in Josiah's time. We need not *fetch this knowledge from afar, nor send from sea to sea, and from the river to the ends of the earth to seek the knowledge of God*; no; *the word is nigh us*. When Popery reigned in our land, English Bibles were scarce things; a load of hay, it is said, was once given for one torn leaf of a Bible. But now Bibles are every one's money. You know where to buy them; or if not able to do that, perhaps in this charitable city you may know where to beg them. It is better to be without bread in your houses, than without Bibles; for the words of God's mouth are and should be to you more than your necessary food.

But what will it avail you to have Bibles in your houses, if you do not use them? To have the great things of God's law and gospel written to you, if you count them as a strange thing? You look daily into your shop-books, and perhaps converse much with the new-books, and shall your Bibles be thrown by as an almanack out of date? It is not now penal to read the scriptures in your families, as it was in the dawning of the day of Reformation from Popery, when there were those that were accused and prosecuted for *reading in a certain great heretical book, called an English Bible*. The Philistines do not now *stop up these wells*, (as Gen. xxvi. 18.) nor do the *shepherds drive away your flocks from them*, (as Exod. ii.

17.) nor are they as a *spring shut up*, or a *fountain sealed*: but the gifts given to men have been happily employed in rolling away the stone from the mouth of these wells. You have great encouragements to read the scripture: for notwithstanding the malicious endeavours of Atheists to vilify sacred things, the knowledge of the scripture is still in reputation with all wise and good men: You have also variety of excellent helps to understand the scripture, and to improve your reading of it: so that if you or yours perish for lack of this knowledge, as you certainly will, if you persist in the neglect of it, you may thank yourselves, the guilt will ly wholly at your own doors.

Let me therefore with all earnestness press it upon you to make the solemn reading of the scripture, a part of your daily worship in your families. When you speak to God by prayer, be willing to hear him speak to you in his word, that there may be a compleat communion between you and God. This will add much to the solemnity of your family-worship, and will make the transaction the more awful and serious, if it be done in a right manner; which will conduce much to the honour of God, and your own and your family's edification. It will help to make the word of God familiar to yourselves, and your children and servants, that you may be ready and mighty in the scriptures, and may from thence be *thoroughly furnished for every good word and work*. It will likewise furnish you with matter and words for prayer, and so be helpful to you in other parts of the service. If some parts of scripture seem less edifying, let those be more frequently read that are most so. David's Psalms are of daily use in devotion, and Solomon's Proverbs in conversation; it will be greatly to your advantage to be well versed in them. And I hope, I need not press any Christian to the study of the New Testament, nor any Christian parents to the frequent instructing of their children in the pleasant and profitable histories of the Old Testament. When you only hear your children read the Bible, they are tempted to look upon it as no more but a school-book; but when they hear you read it to them in a solemn, religious manner, it comes, as it ought, with more authority. Those master of families who make conscience of doing this daily, morning and evening, reckoning

knowing it part of that which the duty of every day requires, I am sure, have comfort and satisfaction in so doing, and find it contributes much to their own improvement in Christian knowledge, and the edification of those that dwell under their shadow; and the more, if those that are ministers expound themselves, and other masters of families read some plain and profitable exposition of what is read, or of some part of it.

It is easy to add, under this head, that the reasonable reading of other good books will contribute very much to family-instruction. In helps of this kind, we are as happy as any people under the sun, if we have but hearts to use the helps we have, as those that must give an account shortly of them, among other the talents we are intrusted with.

2. You must also *catechise your children and servants*, so long as they continue in that age of life which needs this milk. Oblige them to learn some good catechism by heart, and to keep it in remembrance, and by familiar discourse with them, help them to understand it, as they become capable. It is an excellent method of catechising, which God himself directs us to, Deut. vi. 7. To teach our children the things of God, by talking of them as we sit in the house, and go by the way, when we ly down, and when we rise up. It is good to keep up stated times for this service, and be constant to them, as those that know how industrious the enemy is to sow tares, while men sleep. If this good work be not kept going forward, it will of itself go backward. Wisdom also will direct you to manage your catechising, as well as the other branches of family-religion, so as not to make it a burden, but as much as may be a pleasure to those under your charge, that the blame may ly wholly upon their own impiety, and not at all upon your imprudence, if they should say, *Behold what a weariness is it!*

This way of instruction by catechising, doth in a special manner belong to *the church in the house*; for that's the nursery in which the trees of righteousness are reared, that afterwards are planted in the courts of our God. Public catechising will turn to little account without family catechising. The labour of ministers in instructing of youth, and feeding the lambs of the flock, therefore proves to many labour in vain, because masters of families

lies do not do their duty, in preparing them for public instruction, and examining their improvement by it. As mothers are childrens best nurses, so parents are or should be their best teachers. Solomon's father was his tutor, Prov. iv. 3, 4. And he never forgot the lessons his mother taught him, Prov. xxxi. 1.

The baptism of your children, as it laid a strong and lasting obligation upon them to live in the fear of God, so it brought you under the most powerful engagements imaginable to bring them up in that fear. The child you give up to God to be dedicated to him, and admitted a member of Christ's visible church, was in God's name given back to you, with the same charge that Pharaoh's daughter gave to Moses's mother, *Take this child, and nurse it for me*; and in nursing it for God, you nurse it for better preferment than that of being called *the son of Pharaoh's daughter*. It is worth observing, that he to whom God first did the honour of entailing the seal of the covenant upon his seed, was eminent for this part of family-religion; *I know Abraham*, saith God, *that he will command his children, and his household after him to keep the way of the Lord*, Gen. xviii. 19. Those therefore who would have the comfort of God's covenant with them and their seed, and would share in that blessing of Abraham which comes upon the Gentiles, must herein follow the example of faithful Abraham. The entail of the covenant of grace is forfeited and cut off, if care be not taken with it to transmit the means of grace. To what purpose were they disciples, if they be not taught! Why did you give them a Christian name, if you will not give them the knowledge of Christ and Christianity? God has owned them as his children, and *born unto him*, (Ezek. xvi. 20.) and therefore he expects they should be brought up for him; you are unjust to your God, unkind to your children, and unfaithful to your trust, if having by baptism entered your children in Christ's school, and listed them under his banner, you do not make conscience of training them up in the learning of Christ's scholars, and under the discipline of his soldiers.

Consider what your children are now capable of, even in the days of their childhood. They are capable of receiving impressions now, which may abide upon them while

while they live: they are turned as clay to the seal, and now is the time to apply to them the seal of the living God. They are capable of honouring God now, if they be well taught, and by their joining, as they can, in religious services, with so much reverence and application as their age will admit. God is honoured, and you in them present to him *living sacrifices, holy and acceptable*. The Hosannas even of children well taught, will be the perfecting of praise, and highly pleasing to the Lord Jesus.

Consider what your children are *designed for*, we hope, *in this world*; they must be a *seed to serve the Lord*, which shall be *accounted to him for a generation*. They are to bear up the name of Christ in their day, and into their hands must be transmitted *that good thing*, which is *committed to us*. They are to be praising God on earth, when we are praising him in heaven. Let them then be brought up accordingly, that they may answer the end of their birth and being. They are designed for the service of their generation, and to do good in their day; consult the public welfare then, and let nothing be wanting on your parts to qualify them for usefulness, according as their place and capacity is.

Consider especially what they are *designed for in another world*. They are made for eternity. Every child thou hast, hath a precious and immortal soul, that must be for ever either in heaven or hell, according as it is prepared in this present state; and perhaps it must remove to that world of spirits very shortly; and will it not be very sad, if through your carelessness and neglect, your children should learn the ways of sin, and perish eternally in those ways? Give them warning, that, if possible, you may deliver their souls, at least, that you may deliver your own, and may not bring their curse and God's too, their blood and your own too, upon your heads.

I know you cannot give grace to your children, nor is a religious conversation, the constant consequent of a religious education; *The race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong*; but if you make conscience of doing your duty, by keeping up family-doctrine, if you teach them the good and the right way, and warn them of by-paths, if you reprove, exhort, and encourage them as their is occasion, if you pray with them, and for them,

them, and set them a good example, and at last consult their soul's welfare in the disposal of them, you have done your part, and may comfortably leave the issue and success with God.

Secondly, Keep up family-worship. You must not only as prophets, teach your families, but as priests, must go before them, in offering the spiritual sacrifices of prayer and praise. Herein likewise you must tread in the steps of faithful Abraham; (whose sons you are while thus you do well) you must not only like him, instruct your household, but like him, you must with them, *call on the name of the Lord, the everlasting God*, Gen. xxi. 33. Wherever he pitched his tent, there he built an altar unto the Lord, Gen. xii. 7, 8. xiii. 7, 18. Though he was yet in an unsettled state, but a stranger, and a sojourner; though he was among jealous and envious neighbours, for the Canaanite and the Perizzite dwelled then in the land; yet wherever Abraham had a tent, God had an altar in it, and he himself served at that altar. Herein he has left us an example.

Families, as such, have many errands at the throne of grace, which furnish them with matter and occasion for family-prayer every day: errands which cannot be done so well in secret or public, but are fittest to be done by the family in consort, and apart from other families. And it is good for those that go before the rest in family devotion, ordinarily to dwell most upon the concerns of those that join in their family-capacity, that it may be indeed a family-prayer, not only offered in and by the family, but suited to it. In this and other services, we should endeavour not only to say something, but something to the purpose.

Five things especially you should have upon your heart in your family-prayer, and should endeavour to bring something of each, more or less, into every prayer with your families.

I. You ought to *make family-acknowledgements of your dependance upon God and his providence, as you are a family.* Our great business in all acts of religious worship is, to *give unto the Lord the glory due unto his name*; and this we must do in our family-worship. Give honour to God as the founder of families by his ordinance, because it was not good for man to be alone; as the

the founder of your families by his providence, for he it is that buildeth the house, and setteth the solitary in families. Give honour to him, as the owner and ruler of families; acknowledge that you and yours are his, under his government, and at his dispose, as the sheep of his pasture. Especially adore him, as the God of all the families of Israel, in covenant relation to them, and having a particular concern for them above others, Jer. xxxi. 1. Give honour to the great Redeemer, as the head of all churches, even those in your houses; call him the master of the family, and the great upholder and benefactor of it; for he it is *in whom all the families of the earth are blessed*, Gen. xii. 3. All family-blessings are owing to Christ, and come to us through his hand, by his blood. Own your dependance unto God, and your obligations to Christ, for all good things pertaining to life and godliness, and make conscience of paying homage to your chief Lord, and never set up a title to any of your enjoyments in competition to his.

2. You ought to *make family-confessions of your sins against God*, those sins you have contracted the guilt of in your family capacity. We read in scripture of the *iniquity of the house*, as of Eli's, 1 Sam. iii, 13, 14. *Iniquity visited upon the children: sins that bring wrath upon families, and a curse that enters into the house to consume it with the timber thereof, and the stones thereof*, Zech. v. 4. How sad is the condition of those families that sin together, and never pray together; that by concurring in frands, quarrels, and excesses, by strengthening one another's hands in impiety and profaneness, fill the measure of family-guilt, and never agree together to do any thing to empty it!

And even religious families, that are not polluted with gross and scandalous sins, yet have need to join every day in the solemn acts and expressions of repentance before God for their sins of daily infirmity. Their vain words, and unprofitable converse among themselves; their manifold defects in relative duties, provoking one another's lusts and passions, instead of provoking one another to love, and to good works. These ought to be confessed and bewailed by the family together, that God may be glorified, and what has been amiss may be amended for

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the future. It was not only in a time of great and extraordinary repentance that families mourned apart, Zech. xii. 11. But in the stated returns of the day of expiation the priest was particularly to *make atonement for his household*, Lev. xvi. 17. In many things we all offend God, and one another, and a penitent confession of it in prayer together, will be the most effectual way of reconciling ourselves both to God, and to one another. The best families, and those in which piety and love prevails most, yet in many things come short, and do enough every day to bring them upon their knees at night.

3. You ought to offer up family thanksgiving for the blessings which you, with your families, receive from God. Many are the mercies which you enjoy the sweetness and benefit of in common; which if wanting to one, all the family would be sensible of it. Hath not God *made a hedge of protection about you and your houses*, and *all that you have*? Job i. 10. Hath he not created a defence upon every dwelling place of mount Zion, as well as upon her assemblies? Ha. ly. 5. The dreadful alarms of a storm, and the desolations made as by a fire once in an age, should make us sensible of our obligations to divine providence, for our preservation from tempests and fire every day, and every night. *It is of the Lord's mercies that we are not consumed*, and buried in the ruins of our houses. When the whole family comes together safe in the morning, from their respective retirements, and when they return safe at night, from their respective employments, there having been no disaster, no adversary, no evil occurrent, it is so reasonable, and, as I may say, so natural for them to join together in solemn thanksgivings to their great protector, that I wonder how any that believe a God, and a providence, can omit it. Have you not health in your family, sickness kept or taken from the midst of you? Doth not God bring plentifully into your hands, and increase your substance? Have you not your table spread, and your cup running over, and manna rained about your tents? And doth not the whole family share in the comfort of all this? Shall not then the voice of thanksgiving be in those tabernacles, where the voice of rejoicing is? Psal. cxviii. 15. Is the vine by the house-side fruitful and flourishing, and the olive-plants round

round the table green and growing? Are family-relations comfortable and agreeable, not broken, nor imbittered? And shall not that God be acknowledged herein, who makes every creature to be that to us that it is? Shall not the God of your mercies, your family-mercies, be the God of your praises, your family-praises, and that daily?

The benefit and honour of your being Christian-families, your having in God's house, and within his walls, a place, and a name, better than that of sons and daughters, and the salvation this brings to your house, furnisheth you with abundant matter for joint-thanksgivings. *You hath he known above all the families of the earth,* and therefore he expects in a special manner to be owned by you. Of all houses, the *house of Israel*, the *house of Aaron*, and the *house of Levi*, have most reason to *bless the Lord*, and to say, that *his mercy endureth for ever*.

4. You ought to *present your family-petitions for the mercy and grace which your families stand in need of*. Daily bread is received by families together, and we are taught not only to pray for it every day, but to pray together for it, saying, *Our Father, give it us*. There are affairs and employments which the family is jointly concerned in the success of, and therefore should jointly ask of God wisdom for the management of them, and prosperity therein. There are family cares to be cast upon God by prayer, family-comforts to be sought for, and family-crosses which they should together beg for the sanctification and removal of. Hereby your children will be more effectually possessed with a belief of, and regard to, the divine providence, than by all the instructions you can give them, which will look best in their eye, when thus reduced to practice by your daily acknowledging God in all your ways.

You desire that God will give wisdom and grace to your children, *you travel in birth again till you see Christ formed in them, you pray for them*; it is well, but it is not enough; you must pray with them; let them hear you pray to God for a blessing upon the good instructions and counsels you give them; it may perhaps put them upon praying for themselves, and increase their esteem both of you, and of the good lessons you teach them.

You would have your servants diligent and faithful, and this perhaps would help them so. Masters do not give to their servants that which is just and equal, if they do not continue in prayer with them.

There are some temptations which families, as such, ly open to : busy families are in temptation to worldliness, and neglect of religious duties ; mixed families are in temptation to discord, and mutual jealousies ; decaying families are in temptation to distrust, discontent, and indirect courses, to help themselves ; they should therefore not only watch, but pray together, that they be not overcome by the temptations they are exposed to.

There are family-blessings which God hath promised, and for which he will be sought unto, such as those on the house of Obed-edom for the ark's sake ; or the mercy which Paul begs for the *house of Onesiphorus*, 2 Tim. i. 16. These joint-blessings must be sued out by joint-prayers. There is a special blessing which God commands upon families that *dwelt together in unity*, Psal. cxxxiii. 1, 3. which they must seek for by prayer. and come together to seek for it, in token of that unity which qualifies for it. Where God commands the blessing, we must beg the blessing. God by promise blesteth David's house, and therefore David by prayer blesteth it too, 2 Sam. vi. 20.

5. You ought to *make family-intercessions for others also*. There are families you stand related to, or which by neighbourhood, friendship, or acquaintance, you become interested in, and concerned for, and these you should recommend in your prayers to the grace of God, and your family that are joined with you in the alliances, should join with you in those prayers. Evil tidings perhaps are received from relations at a distance, which are the grief of the family ; God must then be sought unto by the family for succour and deliverance. Some of the branches of the family are perhaps in distant countries, and in dangerous circumstances, and so are solicitous about them : it will be a comfort to yourselves, and perhaps will be of advantage to them, to make mention of them daily in your family-prayers. The benefit of prayer will reach far, because he that hears prayer, can extend his hand of power and mercy to the utmost corners of the earth, and to them that are afar off upon the sea.

In

In the public peace likewise, we and our families have peace; and therefore, if we forget thee, O Jerusalem, we are unworthy ever to stand in thy courts, or dwell within thy walls. Our families should be witnesses for us, that we pray daily for the land of our nativity, and the prosperity of all its interests; that praying every where, we make supplication for *the king, and all in authority*, 1 Tim. ii. 2. 8. That we bear upon our hearts the concerns of God's church abroad, especially the suffering parts of it. Thus keeping up a spiritual communion with all the families that in every place call on the name of the Lord Jesus.

In a word, let us go by this rule in our family-devotions; whatever is the matter of our care, let it be the matter of our prayer; and let us allow no care, which we cannot in faith spread before God: and whatever is the matter of our rejoicing, let it be the matter of our thanksgiving; and let us withhold our hearts from all those joys, which do not dispose us for the duty of praise.

Under this head of *family-worship*, I must not omit to recommend to you the singing of Psalms in your families, as a part of daily-worship, especially Sabbath-worship. This is a part of religious worship, which participates both of the word and prayer; for therein we are not only to give glory to God, but to teach and admonish one another; it is therefore very proper to make it a transition, from the one to the other. It will warm and quicken you, refresh and comfort you, and perhaps, if you have little children in your houses, they will sooner take notice of it, than of any other part of your family-devotion; and some good impressions may thereby be fastened upon them insensibly.

Thirdly, Keep up *family-discipline*, that so you may have a compleat church in your house, though in little. Reason teacheth us, that *every man should bear rule in his own house*, Esther i. 22. And since that, as well as other power, is of God, it ought to be employed for God; and they that so rule, must be just, ruling in his fear. Joshua looked further than the acts of religious worship, when he made that pious resolution, *As for me and my house, we will serve the Lord*, Joshua xxiv. 15. For we do not serve him *in sincerity and truth*, (which

is the service he there speaks of, ver. 14.) if we and ours serve him only on our knees, and do not take care to serve him in all the instances of a religious conversation. Those only that have *clean hands*, and a *pure heart*, are accounted the *generation of them that seek God*, Psal. xxiv. 4, 6. And without this, those that pretend to *seek God daily*, do but mock him, Isa. lviii. 2.

The authority God hath given you over your children and servants, is principally designed for this end, that you may thereby engage them for God and godliness. If you use it only to oblige them to do your will, and so to serve your pride, and to do your business, and so to serve your worldliness, you do not answer the great end of your being invested with it: you must use it for God's honour, by it to engage them as far as you can, to do the will of God, and mind the business of religion. Holy David not only blessed his household, but took care to keep good order in it; as appears by that plan of his family discipline, which we have in the 101st Psalm. A Psalm which Mr. Fox tells us, that blessed martyr, bishop Ridley, often read to his family, as the rule by which he resolved to govern it.

You are made *keepers of the vineyard*; be faithful to your trust, and carefully watch over those that are under your charge, knowing you must give account.

1. *Countenance every thing that is good and praiseworthy in your children and servants.* It is as much your duty to commend and encourage those in your family that do well, as to reprove and admonish those that do amiss; and if you take delight only in blaming that which is culpable, and are backward to praise that which is laudable, you give occasion to suspect something of an ill nature not becoming a good man, much less a good Christian. It should be a trouble to us, when we have a reproof to give, but a pleasure to us to say with the apostle, 1 Cor. xi. 2. *Now I praise you.*

Most people will be easier led than driven, and we all love to be spoken fair: when you see any thing that is hopeful and promising in your inferiors, any thing of a towardsly and tractable disposition, much more any thing of a pious affection to the things of God, you should therefore contrive to encourage it. Smile upon them when you see them set their faces heavenwards, and take
the

the first opportunity to let them know you observe it, and are well pleased with it, and do not *despise the day of small things*. This will quicken them to continue and abound in that which is good, it will hearten them against the difficulties they see in their way, and perhaps may turn the wavering, trembling scale the right way, and effectually determine their resolutions to cleave to the Lord. When you see them forward to come to family-worship, attentive to the word, devout in prayer, industrious to get knowledge, afraid of sin, and careful to do their duty, let them have the praise of it, for you have the comfort of it, and God must have all the glory. Draw them with the *cords of a man*, hold them with *bands of love*, so shall your rebukes, when they are necessary, be the more acceptable and effectual. The great shepherd *gathers the lambs in his arms*, and *carries them in his bosom*, and *gently leads them*, and so should you.

2. *Discountenance every thing that is evil in your children and servants.* Use your authority for the preventing of sin, and the suppressing of every root of *bitterness*, lest it *spring up*, and *trouble you*, and *thereby many be defiled*. Frown upon every thing that brings sin into your families, and introduceth any ill words, or ill practices. Pride and passion, strife and contention, idleness and intemperance, lying and slandering, these are sins which you must not connive at, nor suffer to go without a rebuke. If you return to the Almighty, this among other things is required of you, that you *put away iniquity*, all iniquity, these and other the like iniquities, *far from your tabernacles*, Job xxii. 23. Make it to appear, that in the government of your families, you are more jealous for God's honour, than for your own authority and interest, and shew yourselves more displeased at that which is an offence to God, than at that which is only an affront or damage to yourselves.

You must indeed be careful *not to provoke your children to wrath*, lest they be discouraged; and as to your servants, it is your duty to forbear or moderate threatening; yet you must also with holy zeal and resolution, and the meekness of wisdom, keep good order in your families, and *set no wicked thing before your eyes*, but witness against it. *A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump*. Be afraid

fraid of having wicked servants in your houses, lest your children learn their way, and get a snare to their souls. Drive away with an angry countenance all that evil communication which corrupts good manners, that your houses may be habitations of righteousness, and sin may never find shelter in them. I come now,

Secondly, To offer some *motives* to persuade you thus to turn your families into little *churches*. And, O that I could find out acceptable words, with which to reason so as to prevail. Suffer me a little, and I will shew you what is to be said on God's behalf, which is worth your consideration.

1st, If your families be little churches, God will come to you, and dwell with you in them; for he hath said concerning the church, *This is my rest for ever, here will I dwell*. It is a very considerable thing, to have the gracious presence of God with us in our families, that presence which is promised, where *two or three are gathered together in his name*. This was it that David was so desirous of, Psal. ci. 2. *O when wilt thou come to me!* His palace, his court, would be as a prison, as a dungeon, to him, if God did not come to him, and dwell with him, in it; and cannot your hearts witness to this desire? You that have houses of your own, would you not have God come to you, and dwell with you, in them? Invite him then, beg his presence, court his stay. Nay, he invites himself to your houses, by the offers of his favour and grace; *Behold, he stands at your door, and knocks*: it is the voice of your beloved, *open to him*, and bid him welcome; meet him with your hosannas; *Blessed is he that cometh*. He cometh peaceably, he brings a blessing with him, a blessing which he will cause to rest upon the habitations of the righteous, Ezek. xlv. 30. He will command a blessing, which shall amount to no less than *life for evermore*, Psal. xxxiii. 3. This presence and blessing of God, will make your relations comfortable, your affairs successful, your enjoyments sweet; and *behold by it all things are made clean to you*. This will make your family comforts double comforts, and your family-crosses but half crosses; it will turn a tent into a temple, a cottage into a palace. *Beautiful for situation, the joy of the whole earth*, are the houses in which God dwells.

Now,

Now, the way to have God's presence with you in your houses is, to furnish them for his entertainment. Thus the good Shunamite invited the prophet Elisha to the chamber she had prepared for him, by accommodating him there with *a bed and a table, a stool and a candlestick*, 2 Kings iv. 10. Would you furnish your houses for the presence of God, it is not expected that you furnish them as his tabernacle was of old furnished, with *blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine linen*; but set up and keep up for him a throne, and an altar, that from the altar you and yours may give glory to him, and from the throne he may give law to you and yours; and then you may be sure of his presence and blessing, and may solace yourselves from day to day in the comfort of it. God will be with you in a way of mercy, while you are with him in a way of duty; *If you seek him, he will be found of you*. The secret of God shall be in your tabernacle, as it was on Job's, chap. xxix. 4. as it is with the righteous, Psal. xxv. 14. Prov. iii. 32, 33.

2dly, If you make your houses little churches, *God will make them little sanctuaries*; nay, he will himself be to you as a *little sanctuary*, Ezek. xi. 16. The way to be safe in your houses is, to keep up religion and the fear of God in your houses; so shall you *dwell on high, and the place of your defence shall be the munition of rocks*, Isa. xxxiii. 16. The law looks upon a man's house as his castle, religion makes it truly so. If God's grace be the glory in the midst of the house, his providence will *make a wall of fire round about it*, Zech. ii. 5. Satan found it to his confusion, that God made a hedge about pious Job, *about his house, and about all that he had on every side*, so that he could not find one gap by which to break in upon him, chap. i. 10. Every dwelling-place of mount Sion shall be protected, as the tabernacle was in the wilderness, for God hath promised, to *create upon it a cloud and smoke by day, and the shining of a flaming fire by night, which shall be a defence upon all the glory*, Isa. iv. 5. If we thus *dwell in the house of the Lord all the days of our life*, by making our houses his houses, we shall be *hid in his pavilion, in the secret of his tabernacle shall he hide us*, Psal. xxvii. 4, 5.

Wherever we encamp, *under the banner of Christ*, the angels of God will *encamp round about us*, and pitch their

their tents, where we pitch our ; and we little think how much we owe it to the ministration of the good angels, that we and ours are preserved from the malice of evil angels, who are continually seeking to do mischief to good people. There are terrors that fly by night and by day, which they only that *abide under the shadow of the almighty*, can promise themselves to be safe from, Psal. xci. 1, 5. Would you ensure your house by the best policy of insurance, turn them into churches, and then they shall be taken under the special protection of him that keeps Israel, *and neither slumbers nor sleeps* ; and if any damage come to them, it shall be made up in grace and glory. The way of duty is without doubt the way of safety.

Praying families are kept from more mischiefs than they themselves are aware of. They are not always sensible of the distinction which a kind providence makes between them and others ; though God is pleased sometimes to make it remarkable, as in the story which is credibly related of a certain village in the Canton of Bern in Switzerland, consisting of ninety houses, which in the year 1584. was all destroyed by an earthquake, except one house, in which the good man and his family were at that time together praying. That promise is sure to all the seed of faithful Abraham, *Fear not, I am thy shield*, Gen. xv. 1. Wisdom herself hath past her word for it, Prov. i. 33. *Whoso hearketh to me*, wherever he dwells, *he shall dwell safely, and shall be quiet from all real evil itself*, and from the amazing, tormenting *fear of evil*. Nothing can hurt, nothing needs frighten, those whom God protects.

3dly, If you have not a church in your house, it is to be feared Satan will have a seat there. If religion do not rule in your families, sin and wickedness will rule there. *I know where thou dwellest*, (saith Christ to the angel of the church of Pergamos, Rev. ii. 13.) *even where Satan's seat is* ; that was his affliction ; but there are many whose sin it is : by their irreligion and immorality they allow Satan a seat in their houses, and that seat a throne. They are very willing that the strong man armed should keep his palace there, and that his goods should be at peace ; and the surest way to prevent this is, by setting up a church in the house. It is commonly said,

That

That where God hath a church, the Devil will have his chappel; but it may more truly be said in this case, Where God hath not a church, the Devil will have his chappel. If the unclean spirit find the house in this sense empty, empty of good, though it be swept and garnished, he taketh to himself seven other spirits more wicked than himself, and they enter in and dwell there.

Terrible stories have been told of houses haunted by the Devil, and of the fear people have had of dwelling in such houses; verily those houses in which rioting and drunkenness reign, in which swearing and cursing are the language of the house, or in which the more spiritual wickedness of pride, malice, covetousness, and deceit, have the ascendant, may truly be said to be haunted by the Devil, and they are most uncomfortable houses for any man to live in: they are *holds of foul spirits*, and *cages of unclean and hateful birds*, even as Babylon the great will be when it is fallen, Rev. xxviii. 2.

Now, the way to keep sin out of the house is, to keep up religion in the house, which will be the most effectual antidote against Satan's poison. When Abraham thought concerning Abimelech's house, *Surely the fear of God is not in this place*, he concluded no less, but *they will slay me for my wife's sake*, Gen. xx. 11. Where no fear of God is, no reading, no praying, no devotion, what can one expect but all that's bad? Where there is impiety, there will be immorality; they that *restrain prayer, cast off fear*, Job xv. 5. But if religious worship have its place in the house, it may be hoped, that vice will not have a place. There is much of truth in that saying of good Mr. Dod, *Either praying will make a man give over sinning, or sinning will make a man give over praying*. There remains some hope concerning those who are otherwise bad, as long as they keep up prayer. Though there be a struggle between Christ and Belial in your houses, and the insults of sin and Satan are daring and threatening, yet as long as religion keeps the field, and the weapons of its warfare are made use of, we may hope the enemy will lose ground.

4thly, A church in the house, will make it very comfortable to yourselves. Nothing more agreeable to a gracious soul, than constant communion with a gracious God; it is the one thing it desires, to *dwell in the house*

of the Lord; here it is as in its element, it is its *rest for ever*. If therefore our houses be houses of the Lord, we shall for that reason love home, reckoning our daily devotion, the sweetest of our daily delights; and our family-worship, the most valuable of our family-comforts. This will sanctify to us all the conveniences of our house, and reconcile us to the inconveniences of it. What are Solomon's gardens, and orchards, and pools of water, and other the *delights of the sons of men*, (Eccles. ii. 5, 6, 8.) in comparison with these delights of the children of God?

Family-religion will help to make our family relations comfortable to us, by promoting love, preventing quarrels, and extinguishing heats that may at any time happen. A family living in the fear of God, and joining daily in religious worship, truly enjoys itself; *Behold how good, and how pleasant, a thing it is for brethren thus to dwell together*; it is not only like ointment and perfume which rejoice the heart, but like the holy ointment, the holy perfume, wherewith Aaron the saint of the Lord was consecrated: not only like the common dew to the grass, but like the dew which descendeth upon the mountains of Sion, the holy mountains, Psal. cxxxiii. 1, 2. The communion of saints in that which is the work of saints, is without doubt the most pleasant communion here on earth, and the liveliest representation, and surest pledge of those everlasting joys, which are the happiness of *the spirits of just men made perfect*, and the hopes of holy souls in this imperfect state.

Family-religion will make the affairs of the family successful; and though they may not in every thing issue to our mind, yet we may by faith foresee that they will at last issue to our good. If this *beauty of the Lord our God be upon us*, and our families, it will prosper the work of our hands unto us, yea, the work of our hands it will establish; or however, it will establish our hearts in that comfort which makes every thing that occurs easy, Psal. xc. 17. cxii. 8.

We cannot suppose our *mountain to stand strong*, but that it will be moved; trouble in the flesh we must expect, and affliction in that from which we promise ourselves most comfort; and when the divine providence makes our houses of mourning, then it will be
comfor-

comfortable to have them houses of prayer, and to have had them so before. When sickness, and sorrow, and death, come into our families, (and sooner or later they will come) it is good that they should find the wheels of prayer agoing, and the family accustomed to seek God: for if we are then to begin this good work when distress forceth us to it, we shall drive heavily in it. They that pray constantly when they are well, may pray comfortably when they are sick.

5thly, A church in the house, will be a good legacy; nay, it will be a good inheritance, to be left to your children after you. Reason directs us to consult the welfare of posterity, and to lay up in a store a good foundation for those that shall come after us to build upon, and we cannot do this better, than by keeping up religion in our houses. A family-altar will be the best entail; your children will for this rise up, and call you blessed; and it may be hoped, they will be praising God for you, and praising God like you, here on earth, when you are praising him in heaven.

You will hereby leave your children the benefit of many prayers put up to heaven for them, which will be kept, as it were, upon the file there, to be answered to their comfort, when you are silent in the dust. It is true of prayer, what we say of winter, *It never rots in the skies*. The seed of Jacob know they do not seek in vain, though perhaps they live not to see their prayers answered. Some good Christians that have made conscience of praying daily with and for their children, have been encouraged, to hope that the children of so many prayers should not miscarry at last; and thus encouraged, Joseph's dying word hath been the language of many a dying Christian's faith, *I die, but God will surely visit you*, Gen. l. 24. I have heard of a hopeful son, who said, *He valued his interest in his pious father's prayers, far more than his interest in his estate, though a considerable one*.

You will likewise hereby leave your children a good example, which you may hope they will follow when come into houses of their own. The usage and practice of families is commonly transmitted from one generation to another; bad customs are many times thus entailed: they that *burnt incense to the queen of heaven*, learnt of *their fathers*, Jer. xliv. 17. And a vain conversation

was thus received by tradition, 1 Pet. i. 18. And why may not good customs be in like manner handed down to posterity? Thus we should make known the way of God to our children, that they may *arise and declare them to their children*, Psal. lxxviii. 6. and religion may become an heir-loom in our families; let your children be able to say, when they are tempted to sit loose to religion, *That it was the way of their family, the good old way, in which their fathers walked, and in which they themselves were educated and trained up*: and with this they may answer him that reproacheth them. Let family-worship, besides all its other pleas for itself, be able in your houses to plead prescription. And though to the acceptableness of the service it is requisite, that it be done from a higher and better principle, than purely to keep up the custom of the family, yet better so than not at all: and the form of godliness may by the grace of God, at length prove the happy vehicle of its power; and dry bones, whilst unburied, may be made to live. Thus *a good man leaves an inheritance to his children; and the generation of the upright shall be blessed.*

6thly, A church in the house, will contribute very much to the prosperity of the church of God in the nation. Family-religion, if that prevail, will put a face of religion upon the land, and very much advance the beauty and peace of our English Jerusalem. This is that, which I hope, we are all hearty well-wishers to; setting aside the consideration of parties, and separate interests, and burying all names of distinction in the grave of Christian charity, we earnestly desire to see true catholic Christianity, and serious godliness in the power of it, prevailing and flourishing in our land; to see knowledge filling the land, *as the waters cover the sea*; to see holiness and love giving law, and triumphing over sin and strife; we would see cause to call your city a *city of righteousness. a faithful city, its walls salvation, and its gates praise.* Now, all this would be effected, if family-religion were generally set up, and kept up.

When the wall was to be built about Jerusalem, it was presently done by this expedient, every one undertook to repair *over against his own house*. See Neh. iii. 10, &c. And if ever the decayed walls of the gospel Jerusalem be built up, it must be by the same method. Every one
must

must sweep before his own door, and then the street will be clean. If there were a church in every house, there would be such a church in our land, as would make it a *praise throughout all the earth*. We cannot better serve our country, than by keeping up religion in our families.

Let families be well catechised, and then the public preaching of the word will be the more profitable, and the more successful. For want of this, when we speak never so plainly of the *things pertaining to the kingdom of God*, to the most we do but speak parables. The book of the Lord is delivered to them that are not catechised, saying, *Read this*, and they say, *We are not learned*; learned enough in other things, but not in the one thing needful, Isa. xxix. 12. But our work is easy with those that *from their childhood have known the scriptures*.

If every family were a praying family, public prayers would be the better joined with, more intelligently, and more affectionately; for the more we are used to prayer, the more expert we shall be in that holy and divine art of entering into the holiest in that day. And public reproofs and admonitions would be as a *nail in a sure place*, if masters of families would second them with their family discipline, and so clench those nails.

Religious families are blessings to the neighbourhood they live in, at least by their prayers. A good man thus becomes a public good, and it is his ambition to be so. Though he sees his childrens children, he has small joy of that, if he do not see *peace upon Israel*, Psal. cxxviii. 5, 6. And therefore postponing all his own interests and satisfactions, he sets himself to *seek the God of Jerusalem all the days of his life*. Happy were we, if we had many such.

That which now remains is, to address myself to you upon the whole matter by way of exhortation; and I pray you, let my counsel be acceptable to you; and while I endeavour to give every one his portion, let your consciences assist me herein, and take to yourselves that which belongs to you.

First, Let those masters of families that have hitherto lived in the neglect of family-religion, be persuaded now to set it up, and from henceforward to make conscience of it. I know, it is hard to persuade people to begin even a
good

good work that they have not been used to ; yet if God by his grace set in with this word, who can tell but some may be wrought upon to comply with the design of it ? We have no ill design in urging you to this part of your duty : we aim not at the advantage of a party, but purely at the prosperity of your families. We are sure we have reason on our side, and if you will but suffer that to rule you, we shall gain our point, and you will all go home firmly resolved, as Joshua was, that whatever others do themselves, and whatever they say of you, *You and your houses will serve the Lord.* God put it into, and keep it in, the imagination of the thought of your heart, and established your way therein before him.

Proceed in the right method ; *First*, Set up Christ upon the throne in your hearts, and then set up a church for Christ in your house. Let Christ dwell in your hearts by faith, and then let him dwell in your houses ; you do not begin at the right end of your work, if you do not *first give away your own selves to the Lord* ; God had respect first to Abel, and then to his offering. Let the fear and love of God rule in your hearts, and have a commanding sway and empire there, and then set up an altar for God in your tents ; for you cannot do that acceptably, till you have first consecrated yourselves as spiritual priests to God, to serve at that altar.

And when your hearts, like Lydia's, are opened to Christ, let your houses, like hers, be opened to him too, Acts xvi. 14, 15. Let there be churches in all your houses ; let those that have the stateliest, richest, and best furnished houses, reckon a church in them to be their best ornament. Let those that have houses of the greatest care and business, reckon family-religion their best employment, and not neglect the *one thing needful*, while they are *careful and cumbered about many things* : nor let those that have close and mean habitations be discouraged ; the ark of God long dwelt in curtains. Your dwelling is not so strait, but you may find room for a church in it. Church-work uses to be chargeable, but you may do this church-work cheap : you need not make silver shrines as they did for Diana, nor lavish gold out of the bag, as idolaters did in the service of their dunghill gods, (Isa. xlv. 6.) No, an *altar of earth shall you make to your God*, Exod. xx. 24. and he will accept it. Church-work
uses

uses to be slow work, but you may do this quickly. Put on resolution, and you may set up this tabernacle to-night before to-morrow.

Would you keep up your authority in your family? You cannot do it better, than by keeping up religion in your family. If ever a master of a family looks great, truly great, it is when he is going before his house in the service of God, and presiding among them in holy things. Then he shews himself worthy of double honour, when he teacheth them the good knowledge of the Lord, and is their mouth to God in prayer, blessing them in the name of God.

Would you have your family-relations comfortable, your affairs successful, and give an evidence of your professed subjection of the gospel of Christ? Would you live in God's fear, and die in his favour, and escape that curse which is entailed on prayerless families? Let religion in the power of it, have its due place; that is, the uppermost place in your houses.

Many objections your own corrupt hearts will make against building these churches, but they will appear frivolous and trifling to a pious mind, that is stedfastly resolved for God and godliness; you will never go on in your way to heaven, if you will be frightened by lions in the street. Whatever is the difficulty you dread, the discouragement you apprehend in it, I am confident, it is not insuperable, it is not unanswerable. But *he that opposes the wind, shall not sow; and he that regards the clouds, shall not reap.*

Be not loth to begin a new custom, if it be a good custom, especially if it be a duty, (as certainly that is) which while you continue in the neglect of, you live in sin; for omissions are sins, and must come into judgment. It may be, you have been convinced, that you ought to worship God in your families, and that it is a good thing to do so, but you have put it off to some more convenient season. Will you now at last take occasion from this sermon to begin it? And do not defer so good a work any longer. The present season is without doubt the most convenient season. Begin this day; let this be the day of your laying the foundation of the Lord's temple in your house; and then consider from this day and upward, as God by the prophet reasons with the people,

people, who neglected to *build the temple*, Hag. ii. 18, 19. Take notice, whether God do not from this day, remarkably bless you, in all that you have and do.

Plead not your own weakness and inability to perform family-worship; make use of the helps that are provided for you: do as well as you can, when you cannot do so as you would, and God will accept of you. You will write what is necessary for the carrying on of your trade, though you cannot write so fine a hand as some others can; and will you not be as wise in the work of your Christian calling, to do your best, though it be far short of the best, rather than not do it at all? To him that hath but one talent, and trades with that, more shall be given; but from him that buries it, it shall be taken away. Be at some pains to make the scriptures familiar to you, especially David's Psalms, and then you cannot be to seek for a variety of apt expressions proper to be used in prayer, for they will be always at your right hand. Take with you those words, words which the Holy Ghost teaches, for you cannot find more acceptable words.

And now shall I prevail with you in this matter? I am loth to leave you unresolved, or but *almost persuaded*; I beg of you for God's sake, for Christ's sake, for your own precious soul's sake, and for the children's sake of your own bodies, that you will live no longer in the neglect of so great, and necessary, and comfortable a duty, as this of family-worship is. When we press upon you the more inward duties of faith and love, and the fear of God, it cannot be so evident that we succeed in our errand, as it may be in this. It is certain you get not good by this sermon, but it is wholly lost upon you, if after you have heard or read it, you continue in the neglect of family-religion; and still you cast off fear, and restrain prayer before God. Your families will be witnesses against you, that this work was undone; and this sermon will witness against you, that it was not for want of being called to do it, but for want of hearts to do it, when you were called. But I hope better things of you, my brethren, and things that accompany salvation, tho' I thus speak.

Secondly, *Let those that have kept up family-worship formerly, but of late have left it off, be persuaded to receive*

ceive it. This perhaps is the case of some of you ; you remember the kindness of your youth, and the love of your espousals ; time was when you sought God daily, and delighted to know his ways, as families that did righteousness, and forlook not the ordinances of your God ; but now it is otherwise. The altar of the Lord is broken down and neglected, the daily sacrifice is ceased ; and God hath kept an account how many days it hath ceased, whether you have or no, Dan. viii. 13, 14. Now, God comes into your houses seeking fruit, but he finds none, or next to none ; you are so eager in your worldly pursuits, that you have neither hearts nor time for religious exercises. You began at first frequently to omit the service, and a small matter served for an excuse to put it by, and so by degrees it come to nothing.

O that those who have thus *left their first love*, would now *remember whence they are fallen, and repent and do their first works*. Enquire how this good work came to be neglected ; was it not because your love to God cooled, and the love of the world prevailed ? Have not you found a manifest decay in the prosperity of your souls, since you let fall this good works ? Hath not sin got ground in your hearts, and in your houses ? And though when you dropt your family-worship, you promised yourselves, that you would make it up in secret-worship, because you were not willing to allow yourselves time for both, yet have you declined in that also ? Are you not grown less frequent, and less fervent, in your closet too ? Where is now the blessedness you have formerly spoken of ? I beseech you lay out yourselves to retrieve it in time. Say as that penitent adulteress, Hos. ii. 7. *I will go and return to my first husband, for then it was better with me than now.* Cleanse the sanctuary, put away the strange gods ; is money the god, or the belly the god, that hath gained possession of the heart and house ? Whatever it is, cast it out. Repair the altar of the Lord, and begin again the daily sacrifice and oblation. Light the lamps again, and burn the incense. Rear up the tabernacle of David which is fallen down, lengthen its cords, and strengthen its stakes, and resolve it shall never be neglected again as it hath been. Perhaps you and your families have been manifestly under the rebukes of providence

dence since you left off your duty, as Jacob was while he neglected to pay his vow; I beseech you hear at length the voice of the rod, and of him that hath appointed it, for it minds you of your forgotten vows, saying, *Arise, go up to Bethel, and dwell there*, Gen. xxxv. 1. Let the place thou dwellest in, ever be a Bethel, so shall God dwell with thee there.

Thirdly, *Let those that are remiss and negligent in their family worship, be awakened to more zeal and constancy.* Some of you perhaps have a church in your house, but it is not a flourishing church; it is like the church of Laodicea, *neither cold nor hot*; or like the church of Sardis, in which *the things that remain are ready to die*. So that it hath little more than a name to live. Something of this work of the Lord is done for fashion sake, but it is done deceitfully: you have in your flock a male, but you vow and sacrifice to the Lord a corrupt thing: you grow customary in your accustomed services, and bring the torn and the blind, the lame, and the sick for sacrifice: and you offer that to your God, which you would scorn to offer to your governor: and though it is but little you do for the church in your house, you think that too much, and say, *Behold, what a weariness is it!* You put it off with a small and inconsiderable scantling of your day, and that with the dregs and refuse of it. You can spare no time at all for it in the morning, nor any in the evening, till you are half asleep. It is thrust into a corner, and almost lost in a croud of worldly business, and carnal converse. When it is done, it is done so slightly, in so much hast, and with so little reverence, that it makes no impression upon yourselves, or your families. The Bible lies ready, but you have no time to read: your servants are otherwise employed, and you think it is no matter for calling them in: you yourselves can take up with a word or two of prayer, or rest in a lifeless, heartless, tale of words. Thus it is every day, and perhaps little better on the Lord's days; no repetition, no catechising, no singing of Psalms, or none to any purpose.

Is it thus with any of your families? Is this the present state of the church in your house? My brethren, these things ought not to be so. It is not enough that you do that which is good, but you must do it well. God and religion

religion have in effect no place in your hearts or houses, if they have not the innermost and the uppermost place. Christ will come no whither to be an underling; he is not a guest to be set behind the door. What comfort, what benefit, can you promise to yourselves from such trifling services as these; from an empty form of godliness without the power of it?

I beseech you, sirs, make a business of your family religion, and not a by-business. Let it be your pleasure and delight, and not a task and drudgery. Contrive your affairs so, as that the most convenient time may be allotted both morning and evening for your family worship, so as that you may not be unfit for it, or disturbed and straitened in it; herein *wisdom is profitable to direct*. Address yourselves to it with reverence and seriousness, and a solemn pause, that those who join with you may see and say, that *God is with you of a truth*, and may be struck thereby into a like holy awe. You need not be long in the service, but you ought to be lively in it; not slothful in this business, because it is business for God and your souls, *but fervent in spirit, serving the Lord*.

Fourthly, *Let those that have a church in their house, be very careful to adorn and beautify it in their conversation*. If you pray in your families, and read the scriptures, and sing Psalms, and yet are passionate and forward with your relations, quarrellsome and contentious with your neighbours, unjust and deceitful in your dealings, intemperate and given to tippling, or allow yourselves in any other sinful way, you pull down with one hand, what you build up with the other. Your prayers will be an abomination to God, and to good men too, if they be thus polluted. Be not deceived, God is not mocked.

See that you be *universal* in your religion, that it may appear you are *sincere* in it. Shew that you believe a reality in it, by acting always under the commanding power and influence of it. Be not Christians upon your knees, and Jews in your shops. While you seem saints in your devotions, prove not yourselves sinners in your conversations. Having begun the day in the fear of God, be in that fear all the day long. Let the example you set your families be throughout good, and by it teach them not only to read and pray, for that is but half their

work, but by it teach them to be meek and humble, sober and temperate, loving and peaceable, just and honest; so shall you adorn the doctrine of God our Saviour; and those that will not be won by the word, shall be won by your conversation. Your family-worship is an honour to you, see to it, that neither you nor yours be in any thing a disgrace to it.

Fifthly, *Let those that are setting out in the world, set up a church in their house at first, and not defer it.* Plead not youth and bashfulness; if you have confidence enough to rule a family, I hope, you have confidence enough to pray with a family. Say not, *The time is come, the time that the Lord's house should be built,* as they did that dwelt in the ceiled houses, while God's house lay waste, Hag. i. 2; 4. It ought to be built presently; and the longer you put it off, the more difficulty there will be in the doing of it, and the more danger, that it will never be done.

Now, you are *beginning the world*, as you call it, is it not your wisdom, as well as duty, to begin with God? Can you begin better? Or can you expect to prosper, if you do not begin thus? The fuller your heads are of care about setting up house, and setting up shop, and settling in both, the more need you have of daily prayer, that by it you may cast your care on God, and fetch in wisdom and direction from on high.

Sixthly, *In all your removes, be sure to take the church in your house along with you.* Abraham oft removed his tent, but wherever he pitched it, there the first thing he did was to build an altar. It is observable concerning Aquila and Priscilla, of whose pious family my text speaks, that when Paul wrote his epistle to the Romans they were at Rome; for he sends salutations to them thither, and there it is said they had *a church in their house*, Rom. xvi. 5. But now when he wrote this epistle to the Corinthians they were at Ephesus, for thence it should seem this epistle bore date, and here he sends salutations from them; and at Ephesus also they had *a church in their house*. As wherever we go ourselves, we must take our religion with us; so wherever we take our families, or part of them, we must take our family-religion with us; for in all places we need divine protection, and experience divine goodness. I will therefore that men pray every where.

When

When you are in your city-houses, let not the business of them crowd out your family-religion; nor let the diversions of your country-houses indispose your minds to these serious exercises. That care and that pleasure are unseasonable and inordinate, which leave you not both heart and time to attend the service of the church in your house.

Let me here be an advocate also for those families whose masters are often absent from them, for their health or pleasure, especially on the Lord's day, or long absent upon business: and let me beg these absent masters to consider with whom they leave those few sheep in the wilderness, (1 Sam. xvii. 28.) and whether they do not leave them neglected and exposed. Perhaps there is not a just cause for your absence so much, nor can you give a good answer to that question, *What dost thou here, Elijah?* But if they be a just cause, you ought to take care that the church in your house be not neglected when you are abroad, but that the work be done when you are not at home to do it.

Seventhly, *Let inferior relations help to promote religion in the families where they are.* If family-worship be not kept up in the houses where you live, let so much the more be done in your closets for God and your souls: if it be, yet think not that will excuse you from secret worship: all is little enough to keep up the life of religion in your hearts, and help you forwards towards heaven.

Let the children of praying parents, and the servants of praying masters, account it a great privilege to live in houses that have churches in them, and be careful to improve that privilege. Be you also ready to every good work; make the religious exercises of your family easy and pleasant to those that perform them, by shewing yourselves forward to attend on them, and careful to attend to them; for your backwardness and mindlessness will be their greatest discouragement. Let your lives also be a credit to good education, and make it appear to all with whom you converse, that you are every way the better for living in religious families.

Eighthly, *Let solitary people, that are not set in families, have churches in their chambers, churches in their closets.* When every man repaired the wall of Jerusalem, over against his own house, we read of one that repaired

over

over against his chamber, Neh. iii. 10. These that live alone out of the way of family-worship, ought to take so much the more time for their secret worship; and, if possible, add the more solemnity to it. You have not families to read the scriptures to, read them so much the more to yourselves. You have not children and servants to catechise, nor parents or masters to be catechised by, catechise yourselves then, that you may hold fast the form of sound words, which you have received. Exhort one another.—So we read it, Heb. iii. 13. Paracaleite cautious—Exhort yourselves. So it might as well be read. You are not made keepers of your vineyards, and therefore the greater is your shame if your own vineyard you do not keep. When you are alone, yet you are not alone, for the Father is with you, to observe what you do, and to own and accept you, if you do well.

Ninthly, Let those that are to chuse a settlement, consult the welfare of their souls in the choice, If a church in the house be so necessary, so comfortable, then be ye not unequally yoked with unbelievers, who will have no kindness for the church in the house, nor assist in the support of it, but instead of building this house, pluck it down with their hands, Prov. xiv. 1. Let apprenticeships and other services be chosen by this rule, that that is best for us, which is best for our souls; and therefore it is our interest to go with those, and be with those, with whom God is, Zech. viii. 21. When Lot was to chuse a habitation, he was determined therein purely by secular advantages, Gen. xiii. 11, 14. and God justly corrected his sensual choice, for he never had a quiet day in the Sodom he chose, till he was fired out of it. The Jewish writers tell of one of their devout Rabbins, who being courted to dwell in a place which was otherwise well accommodated, but had no synagogue near, he utterly refused to accept the invitation, and gave that text for his reason, Psal. cxix. 72. The law of thy mouth is better to me, than thousands of gold and silver.

Tenthly, Let religious families keep up friendship and fellowship with each other, and as they have opportunity assist one another in doing good. The communion of churches hath always been accounted their beauty, strength, and comfort, and so is the communion of these domestic churches. We find here, and in other of Paul's epistles,

epistles, kind invitations sent to and from the houses that had churches in them. Religious families should greet one another; visit one another, love one another, pray for one another, and as becomes households of faith, do all the good they can one to another, forasmuch as they all meet now daily at the same throne of grace, and hope to meet shortly at the same throne of glory; to be no more as they are now divided in Jacob, and scattered in Israel.

Lastly, *Let those houses that have churches in them, flourishing churches, have comfort in them.* Is religion in the power of it, uppermost in your houses? And are you and yours serving the Lord, serving him daily? Go on and prosper, for the Lord is with you, while you be with him. See your houses under the protection and blessing of heaven, and be assured, that *all things shall work together for good to you.* Make it appear by your holy cheerfulness, that you find God a good master, wisdom's ways pleasantness, and her paths peace; and that you see no reason to envy those that spend their days in carnal mirth, for you are acquainted with better pleasures, than any they can pretend to.

Are your houses on earth God's houses? Are they dedicated to him, and employed for him? Be of good comfort, his house in heaven shall be yours shortly: *In my Father's house there are many mansions;* and one you may be sure for each of you, that thus by a patient continuance in well-doing seek for glory, honour, and immortality.

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the seat of corruption of
man on god's flesh is not only
our nature, but is also our very
nature itself. That which is born of
offspring of flesh - altogether carnal &
corrupt. It is a filthy fountain al-
ways sending forth impure streams
& therefore while the Believer is in
body, he must be either fighting
against flesh, or else be led captive
by it - (we pass St. Paul) that are
in this tabernacle of flesh, do
groan, being burdened with sin
& sorrow - and when did they
expect an end of their groaning
& rest from their burdens?
Not till the tabernacle was destroyed
by death - ourselves (see 1 Cor. 15)
who have our first fruits of
spirit, even we ourselves
groan within ourselves, wait-
ing for the adoption, to wit,
the redemption of our body. The
body will be redeemed from
the grave & raised from the
dead. body of Jesus Christ; this is
glorious, & this we wait for, &
until death delivers us from
this mortal corruptible body,
we shall be groaning under
burden of it.

He was so young, & he
had long sighted to be discharged
from the war, and like an
old weary Soldier, he wished I
had a tedious campaign was
ended, that he might, enter
to rest, but him with what
my he at last came out. I think
fought a good fight. I have fought
it? What is it but a sacrifice
part over. I am ready to be off
I am sure my effort is at hand
I have found my course. My battle
my life and mine is together, &
so must your Reader - You are
to read the unbloody struggle of
an if you are called to fight
good fight until you have
the final life. Since you are a
man, however much I have
a man in you as well as
old, they will be fighting as
they will you fight. Your course
and of this, discourage you, can
induce God has spoken concerning
this warfare, & what I need
God promises he has made
them who are engaged in it. He
has engaged to reward those who
have engaged in it, to reward
them to save you from the
and being come you shall be